

THAMMER & MOSSER,
Publishers.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.
Tuesday Evening, Nov. 2.

THANKSGIVING.

Proclamation by the President of the United States.

In accordance with a practice, at once wise and beautiful, we have been accustomed, as the year is drawing to a close, to devote a portion of our Thanksgiving to the expression of thanks to Almighty God for the many and varied blessings which have been bestowed upon us as a nation, and for the many and varied blessings which have been bestowed upon each of us as individuals. It is a custom which has become a part of our national life, and it is one which we should never forget. It is a custom which has become a part of our national life, and it is one which we should never forget. It is a custom which has become a part of our national life, and it is one which we should never forget.

Now, therefore, I, William S. Grant, President of the United States, do recommend that on Thursday, the 28th day of November, the people of the United States, from whatever vocations, do assemble in their respective places of worship, and in such form as may seem most appropriate in their own hearts, offer to Almighty God their acknowledgments and thanksgiving for all His mercies, and for the many and varied blessings which have been bestowed upon us as a nation, and for the many and varied blessings which have been bestowed upon each of us as individuals.

THE ELECTION.

The interest in the election today hardly compares with that seen in a presidential contest, and present indications are that a very light vote will be cast in the city. At 2 o'clock the number of votes polled in the four districts of Decatur township did not reach 600, and the indications are that the total vote of the township will not reach 1000. We have but meager news from the outside townships, but all going to show that the vote in the country will be proportionally less than in the city. Of course any estimate as to the result would be the merest conjecture, and we therefore prefer to wait until the returns come in, before making any figures.

The report of the Indian Commission for 1874, just published, shows that there are 75,000 Indians receiving support from the government, without contributing anything towards their own support, or repaying by any show of gratitude the kindness extended towards them. If there is any good reason why these lazy rascals should not be compelled to work for a living as white men are, we should like to know what it is?

The *Globe-Democrat*, of St. Louis, has a rather pointed way of putting things, as witness the following: "The *Westliche Post* says we have accused it of lying. This is not true. We have only said that Emil Pretorius, the editor of the *Westliche Post*, is a mysterious compound of lies and fanaticism; in which observation we distinctly disavow any intentional disrespect to the memory of the late lamented Annies; or any unkind reflections upon what are the misfortune rather than the faults of the inmates of our County Asylum."

PRESIDENT GRANT did not find anything to admire in Mormon institutions when he was out in Utah last month. The observation of old Brigham's hawking availed not at all with the Chief Magistrate, who is a proverbial hater of sycophancy, and the Federal Judges of the Territory were told to their whole duty toward the abominable sect. Two demand upon the prophet that he pay that attorney of \$9,000 to the divorced Ann Eliza or go to jail, is but a beginning of the law's enforcements, which will drive from American soil the whole base Mormon tribe.

On a general review of the business situation and outlook the St. Louis *Commercial Gazette* is satisfied that business is reviving in all its branches. It says: "From city and country, from commercial and manufacturing, as well as agricultural and mining pursuits, we hear the notes of a revival in activity. The crops have had much in their general bonanzas to do in the inaugurating of the much-desired change, and have made their anticipated good influence felt in the augmentation of the volume of railroad freight, in the improved condition and distribution of money, and a general cheerfulness pervades all classes of the community."

a feeling of confidence, engendered by new methods of economic and legitimate procedures." While this is undoubtedly true it should be added that the revival of business is taking place on a legitimate and not a speculative basis. It is accompanied by a shrinkage rather than an inflation of values, and by a decline of wages, profits, rents and interest. This significant fact should be a warning to business men to keep their operations strictly within legitimate bounds, and to those who are already in deep water not to make the mistake of hoping for a return of "flush times" to help them out, for present signs do not justify such a hope, though they do point to a steady and legitimate revival of business.

HARPER'S Weekly condemns the appointment of Mr. Chandler as Secretary of the Interior. As a preface to its condemnation it says: "There has never to our knowledge been any imputation whatever upon his integrity. He is a man of sagacity, and with rare among those that are indispensable in his present position. There is no suggestion that he would connive at any such irregularities as have been recently charged upon the Department, and he is under a moral obligation to maintain the integrity of the Department, as has been the practice of that bureau, as the late Red Cloud report shows."

CENTRALIA COUNTERFEITERS. Chicago Evening Journal. The very important arrest of a gang of extensive counterfeiters, at Centralia, on the 21st of last month, by United States detectives, under Chief Elmer Washburn, was announced several days ago. The parties arrested were a man by the name of Driggs, his wife, wife's father, mother and nephew. Subsequently, Benjamin Boyd and wife, belonging to the same gang, were arrested in Fulton. At the time of the arrest at Centralia, the officers captured presses, ink, paper, about \$150,000 in counterfeit money, but were unable to find the plates.

They found, however, among Driggs' papers, a clue to the plates, which they have been industriously following up ever since. Yesterday their efforts were rewarded by the finding of these plates, and this is hardly of less importance than the capture of the counterfeiters themselves. There were fifteen in all. Among them was the original and famous \$5 on the Traders' National Bank of Chicago, complete, two five plates, a Stanton hand five-cent fractional currency complete, and a Dexter hand five-cent fractional currency complete, also transfer or title plate for making counterfeit \$5 notes on the First National Bank of Paxton, Canton, Aurora and Peru, Ill., and \$300 in counterfeit money. The Traders' plate above referred to, which is one of the most perfect ever made, has been driven up from the back, the word "Traders" erased and the word "First" substituted, enabling the counterfeiters to make five dollar notes on any First National Bank in Illinois, by simply engraving on another plate the name of any town in Illinois where a First National Bank is located. These plates were found buried in the edge of a corn field, in five different packages, each package opposite a young sawgrass tree, the one nearest the road being blazed to enable the counterfeiters to readily determine where they had buried their plates, at any future time. The plates were waxed and placed in tin boxes, which were filled with printers' ink. The place was five miles north of Centralia, on the road to Olin, about two miles from the spot where Driggs and his nephew were arrested. This ride the country of the most skillful and successful gang of counterfeiters that ever infested it.

Boyd, who is in the Cook county jail, was the engraver of these plates. The Driggs party are in the Sangamon county jail, at Springfield. This work has all been accomplished without promising any immunity from punishment, without any letting up on them in any direction, and without any assistance whatever from the prisoners themselves. The detectives first got on the track of the Driggses in April last. It is certainly one of the most skillful pieces of detective work ever performed, as well as the most important. These parties flooded the country with the best executed counterfeiters ever seen. They passed readily everywhere, and deceived everybody but experts. Bankers, themselves, often took these bills.

The plates are now in possession of Mr. Washburn, at the Palace House. There are twenty-four of them in all, a number having been captured with Boyd. Driggs is said to be worth at least \$100,000. He pays taxes on 25,000 acres of land in Texas, and had a handsome bank account in Iowa, amounting to \$25,000. The gang got their bogus money into circulation by selling it for 17 1/2 cents on the dollar. The use has been found under the direction of Mr. Washburn, for by our Chief of Police, now Chief of the United States detective force. To his skill and energy the result is due.

POLICE RECORD.

Last evening Charles LeFevre was being taken to Justice Albert, charged with using excessive language and threats toward Dr. G. P. Miller. In consideration of said misdemeanors the court imposed a fine of three dollars and costs.

Prince Albert Coats and Vests, the latest novelties in patterns, made up not to be excelled in merchant tailoring, in stock, at the lowest prices, at B. Stine's.

TELEGRAPHIC.

3 O'CLOCK, P. M.
(Reported Expressly for the Daily Republican.)

Another Failure in San Francisco.

THE MOODY-SANKEY MEETINGS.

Latest About the Indian Troubles.

Gov. Beveridge in Chicago to Preserve Order To-day.

The President Will Stand by the Peace Policy.

PUBLIC DEBT STATEMENT.

NEW YORK, November 1.—Gov. Dr. Storrs has retired from the church of the Pilgrims, Brooklyn, for which he has been many years a pastor, and accepted a call from the Old Brick Church, New York. Dr. Storrs is one of the most accomplished pulpit orators in the country. The call from the Old Brick Church was presented early last week and accepted Saturday.

Rev. J. D. Fulton, pastor of Hanson Place Baptist Church, Brooklyn, has resigned. He says he does not care to participate in another such meeting as the one had Friday night, when it is stated the conduct of some members towards the pastor was characterized by anything else than Christian character. Moody, this morning, appointed Friday the 12th inst., as a day of fasting and prayer, and the congregation voted that the nation be invited to join.

There was another large gathering at the revival meeting at Brooklyn rink, this evening. Sankey sang, "Go Bury Your Sorrow," alone, and the congregation assisted in another hymn. Moody spoke of the failure of men to save their souls being due to lack of faith in promises of the Lord, and their unbelief. An inquiry meeting, afterwards, was held at the Simpson M. E. church.

NEW YORK, November 1.—Louis and William Rank, aged 7 and 13 years, have for two years led immoral lives, and a few months ago fled from home. On Saturday they sent a letter to their father, at No. 49 Ludlow street, to the effect that detective Keely knew where Dick Rodney (Louis) was, and could arrest him if the father would go to No. 300 Mulberry street. The letter purported to be signed by Detective Keely. Rank obeyed, and as soon as he had left the house his sons forced open the back door, pulled their pistols and dirk knives, and drove their brothers into another room, where they locked them in. They then seized their mother, and while Louis held her and carried a pistol at her head, William robbed her of a gold watch, a locket and chain and a pocket-book. They then threatened to kill her and their brothers if they attempted to prevent them from making their escape. They have been arrested.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 1.—The National Gold Bank and Trust Company did not open their doors this morning. A crowd assembled before the opening hour, with every indication of a continuance of the run, and the officers, as a measure of safety, refused to pay the checks. The officers gave but little information, and claim that the bank can pay everything in full, and will resume as soon as possible, but intimating no date. The bank has been considered weak since the failure of the Bank of California, paying small depositors only in full and obtaining extensions on larger ones. No excitement is apparent at the other banks.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 1.—The Republican's Kansas City special says news from the Oregon Indian agency is to the effect that Agent Gibson has sent to the Cheyenne agency for one hundred cavalry, and with this support expects to force the Indians into submission. These Indians who are opposed to Gibson's late actions have offered him to remove all goods off the reservation. Superintendent Heng has been sent for, and he will probably quiet the disturbance and settle the matter in dispute on his arrival.

TORONTO, November 1.—A telegram from Victoria, British Columbia, says the election in that Province resulted in the Opposition returning 14 members, the Independents 6, and the Government 5. Nine seats, filled by the Ministerials in the late House, have been won by the Opposition, and one seat held by the Opposition has been lost by them.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 1.—A campaign of unprecedented activity was closed, to-night, and there were meetings in the principal cities of the State. Ex-Senator Carpenter addressed two large gatherings in this city, one in the south division and one in the west. Informed sources predict the election of Ludington, republican candidate for governor.

WASHINGTON, November 1.—Several pastors in this city, of different denominations, who were apprehensive that the government was about to abandon its peace policy towards the Indians, called on the President to-day, to express their conviction that such a course would greatly disappoint Christian people all over the country. The President, with great promptness and precision, replied that he did not regard the peace policy a failure; that it would not be abandoned while he occupied that place; that it was his hope that during his administration it would be so firmly established as to become the necessary policy of his successors, but in that he might possibly be mistaken. The Secretary of the Treasury has issued a call for the redemption of \$5,000,000 coupon and \$5,000,000 registered bonds, total \$10,000,000 of the 5.20 bonds of 1864.

WASHINGTON, November 1.—The public debt statement shows a decrease during October of \$4,069,015; currency balance, \$9,736,671; coin balance, \$73,783,439; deposits of legal tenders for the redemption of certificates of deposit, \$50,830,000; coin certificates, \$15,045,100.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—Gov. Beveridge arrived here, to-day, and will remain during the election, to-morrow. He has ordered the first regiment to be under arms and remain at the armory, to-morrow.

THE Chinese Government is about to send the fourth company of young men to this country to receive education here. These young men are supported by the Chinese Government, and, when their education is completed, will return to their native land and enter the service of the government that has been so generous toward them. And yet it is not altogether generosity on the part of the Chinese Government that induces this action. The rulers of that country are wise enough to recognize the fact that a thorough English education will fit these young men for the discharge of the duties that will devolve upon them, and it expects to reap the advantage of a better administration of its own affairs.

Some writer of an investigating turn of mind has raised a query whether all of the survivors of the war of 1812 are genuine. He calls attention to the fact that out of the moderate-sized force mustered into the United States service in that war, there are now, after a lapse of sixty-one years, 15,875 survivors on the roll of the Pension office. If the veterans of the war of the rebellion prove equally tenacious of life, it is estimated that nearly two hundred thousand of them will be alive in the year 1926. Can it be possible that some of the supposed survivors of 1812 are impostors?—*Indianapolis Journal*.

Mrs. JANE G. SWISSELMAN writes a letter to the *Pittsburgh Commercial*, in which she takes strong ground against prohibition, and, after giving her arguments, states her conclusion: "Lying is worse than drunkenness, and if, in the effort to make men sober, we convert them into liars and perjurers, we have done them an infinite injury, even if we succeed in securing their sobriety. History proves that the majority of all the men in a nation may go drunk every time they get a good dinner, and still preserve the national independence; but it is impossible for a nation of liars to exist; for truth is the bond which holds society together, and if prohibition teaches one man to violate law by deceit and falsehood, for every one it prevents from becoming a drunkard, it is, or would be, a national curse."

HOW A WIFE SUPPORTS A HUSBAND AND TWO CHILDREN.

The house is on Fifth street, South Boston. The husband is an Englishman, an invalid, large and burly, and walks with crutches. The wife is over 40, with hair very white, and a pleasant face. The house is furnished modestly but neatly. A stove and a few chairs compose the furniture. The following conversation ensues: "Good afternoon." "Please take a chair." "We had heavy rain this morning." "Yes, the earth was parched." "You need a fire such a damp day." "I'm thankful to get enough to do my little cooking with." "How do you supply that?" "I pick bits of coal from the ashes, and have done so for two years. We lived comfortably until my husband's health failed. Now I make molasses candy, and it is a profitable day when I bring in 25 cents. Sometimes four or five little urelins come to trade with pennies. Once a fortnight I do a little washing, but the mistress is for cutting down my pay. One good lady sends my husband a dinner now and then. So I'm like a baby sucking its thumb; it's all I have to mouth with me." "You bear up cheerfully." "Feeling would spoil my good looks." "Friendship was offered and accepted with a fervent 'God bless you,' and the visitor departed.—*Boston Traveller*.

The Expense of conducting Linn & Scruggs' business requires a smaller percentage on amount of sales than any day goods house in the United States.

For Sale.—A two-story brick house, situated on the corner of Franklin and Eldorado streets, directly west from Stapp's Chapel. Said house is on a lot 80x150 feet, and has a good well and cistern, with gas fixtures, and all modern conveniences; also a good stable. For further information apply at the office of the Decatur Woolen Mill.

Gerts' Suits made to order in the very latest style at Linn & Scruggs.

Everybody in want of an overcoat is invited to look through B. Stine's assortment. His stock comprises all the novelties of the season. 4-dlm

Genuine Seal Skin Fur, in muffs, bonas and sequins; also Mink Fur, in great variety and cheap, at 7-dlm

WESTERN COAL AND MINING CO.

The Western Coal and Mining Co. are filling orders for any quantity of superior Howlett, Anthracite, Block and Blacksmith Coal, to any part of the city, at lowest prices.

Office at Water street crossing of T. W. & W. Ry.

Boys' and Youths' Clothing, just received at B. Stine's. 4-dlm

New Advertisements.

OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday Evening, Nov. 3d

The Last Season in this country for several years.

CAMILLA URSO

Celebrated Classical Violinist.

Respectfully Announces One

GRAND CONCERT.

Assisted by the following Artists:

MRS. LOUISE OLIVER, Soprano; MISS CLARA WOOD, Contralto; MR. L. U. BARTLEY, Tenor; MR. AUGUST GUTTADONE, Bass; MR. AUGUST GUTTADONE, Bass.

Admission, 75 cents. Gallery, 50.

No Extra Charge for Reserved Seats.

Seats can be secured at W. B. Abbott's Jewelry store.

Doors open at 7. Commencement at 8 o'clock. Oct. 3d.

IN BANKRUPTCY—No. 1073.

District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of Illinois.

In the matter of WILLIAM T. STAMPER, bankrupt—In Bankruptcy.

A WARRANT IN BANKRUPTCY HAS been issued by said court against the estate of William T. Stamper, of the county of Macou, in the State of Illinois, based on the petition of the creditors, and the payment of any debt and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to him or to his wife, or to any person claiming to be his creditor, or to any person claiming to be the creditor of said bankrupt, to prove their debt and to choose one or more administrators of his estate, will be held, at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be held at Decatur, in said county of Macou, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the office of James G. Lake, one of the clerks of said court, of said county.

Nov. 1—121 Marshall, as Messenger.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

WHEREAS, William T. Stamper and Ann M. Stamper, his wife, by a deed of trust, dated the 1st day of February, A. D. 1871, and recorded in the recorder's office of Macou county, Illinois, in Book No. 38, page No. 510, conveyed to a certain trustee the following described piece or parcel of land, to-wit: In the city of Decatur, county of Macou and State of Illinois, and described as follows: In block 22, old town of Decatur, in Macou county, Illinois, bounded as follows, to-wit: Beginning at the southeast corner of said lot eight (8), in block 22, aforesaid, and running thence north one-half and one-half (1 1/2) feet; thence west one-half (1/2) foot; thence south one-half and one-half (1 1/2) feet; thence east one-half (1/2) foot to the place of beginning, forming a certain lot and one-half (1 1/2) feet on the public ground, and running back seventy-six (76) feet, on which the three-story brick business house of said Stamper stands.

Which conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of a certain promissory note therein described.

And whereas, part of said note are due and unpaid, and under the terms of said trust all of said notes become due and payable.

Wherefore, at the request of the holder of said notes, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, in pursuance of the terms of said trust deed, will on

Friday, 26th day of November, A. D. 1875, at the front door of the Court House, in Macou county, in Decatur, Illinois, proceed to sell the said premises as public vendue to the highest bidder for cash, to pay the amount of said notes, and interest on said trust.

CHAS. W. MATTHEWS, Decatur, Oct. 30th, 1875. Trustee.

DECEASED.

N. MUELLER & CO.,

DEALERS IN

CUNS, PISTOLS,

POWDER, SHOT, Etc.;

Gas, Steam and Water Pipe, Lead Pipe and Sheet Lead.

STEAM AND GAS FITTINGS AND FIXTURES.

HOSE, HEATING, AND ALL KINDS OF MECHANICAL SUPPLIES.

And Foreign Castings, Iron, Steel, and Force Pumps put up, and warranted.

Decatur, Oct. 30th, 1875.

ASSIGNMENT'S SALE.

REAL ESTATE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned, assignee in bankruptcy of the estate of James H. Ferguson, deceased, of the County of Macou, in the State of Illinois, in favor of which he has filed his bill of complaint in said court, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1875, in said court, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1875, as is required by law.

Now, unless you, the said James H. Ferguson, or your heirs, or assigns, appear before said Court, on the 1st day of the next term, to be held in Decatur, in said county, on the

First Monday of December, A. D. 1875, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

W. C. JONES, Solicitor for Compt. Decatur, Oct. 29th, 1875.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION TO me directed and delivered by the clerk of the Circuit Court of the County of Macou, in the State of Illinois, in favor of which he has filed his bill of complaint in said court, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1875, as is required by law.

Now, unless you, the said James H. Ferguson, or your heirs, or assigns, appear before said Court, on the 1st day of the next term, to be held in Decatur, in said county, on the

NEW GOODS

—AT THE—

CHEAP CASH DRY GOODS HOUSE

Hays & Bruce

Invito special attention to fresh arrivals of the

LATEST FALL STYLES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS!

In all the New and Fashionable Fabrics and Shades, at low prices.

Imported and Domestic Shawls,

Imported Beaver Cloth Cloaks,

New Cloths and Cassimers,

For men and boys, Plain, Plaid and Striped WATER-PROOFS, all grades, complete assortment of Ladies', Children's and Men's UNDERWEAR, in different weights and sizes, full lines of Ladies' and Children's Cassimere, Merino, Wool and Cotton Hosiery, plain, and Balmoral Yarns and Felt Skirts.

OUR DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT

Is "checked" full of all kinds of Domestic Goods, all prices, Plain and Plaid Flannels, New Springs, New Trimmings, large stock of Yarns, Cottons, Cuffs, Plaques and Hosiery, Kid Gloves, Kid Gloves, Table Oil Cloths, Curtain Holes, Nottingham Lace Curtains, Valenciennes and Lambrequins, New Quilts, Towels, Table Cloths—in fact, as large and complete a stock of Dry Goods as was ever shown in the city—all marked in plain figures, and ONE PRICE TO EVERYBODY.

Sept. 20, 1875—dwt.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

S. EINSTEN

Has now on hand his full stock of

Fall and Winter Goods,

Which consists of a full line of choice

Dress Goods, Silks, Cashmeres, Japanese

Poppins and White Goods, Table

Linens, Napkins, Towels.

Also, a full line of

CASSIMERES, JEANS, TWEEDS, DENIMS

A complete assortment of

BLEACHED AND BROWN DOMESTICS.

A full line of

Notions, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing

Goods, Shawls and Wrapping Goods,

All of which will be sold at bottom figures.

87 We specify no prices, but invite all to call and see for themselves that what we say we mean. We will not be undersold by any house in the city.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE:

NO. 21 NORTH WATER STREET

Sept. 20, 1875—dwt.

KEYSTONE CARRIAGE WORKS!

WAYNE BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURERS OF

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, OMNIBUSES,

PEDDLING AND SPRING WAGONS.

OLD STAND OF DANIEL GAHMAN,

Corner Water and Cerro Cordo-Sts.

PLATFORM CARRIAGES built to order, PONY PHAETONS, PRINCE ALBERT PHAETONS and COACHES, BUGGIES, SULKY and LIGHT ROAD WAGONS, of all kinds. Always to the times, and guaranteed work to be first-class. All kinds of

Sleighs Made to Order!

FANCY PAINTING A SPECIALTY.

November 17, 1875. ds-wjn.

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, 1st MACON COUNTY.

In the Macou County Circuit Court to the Honorable JAMES H. FERGUSON, Judge.

IRA HARRIS, JR., vs. JAS. H. FERGUSON

BILL TO FORECLOSE MORTGAGE.

A FIDELITY that James H. Ferguson, complainant, has filed his bill of complaint in the office of the clerk of the Circuit Court of the County of Macou, in the State of Illinois, in favor of which he has filed his bill of complaint in said court, on the 1st day of December, A. D. 1875, as is required by law.

Now, unless you, the said James H. Ferguson, or your heirs, or assigns, appear before said Court, on the 1st day of the next term, to be held in Decatur, in said county, on the

First Monday of December, A. D. 1875, and plead, answer or demur to the said complainant's bill of complaint, the same, and the matters and things therein charged and stated, will be taken as confessed, and a decree entered against you according to the prayer of said bill.

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